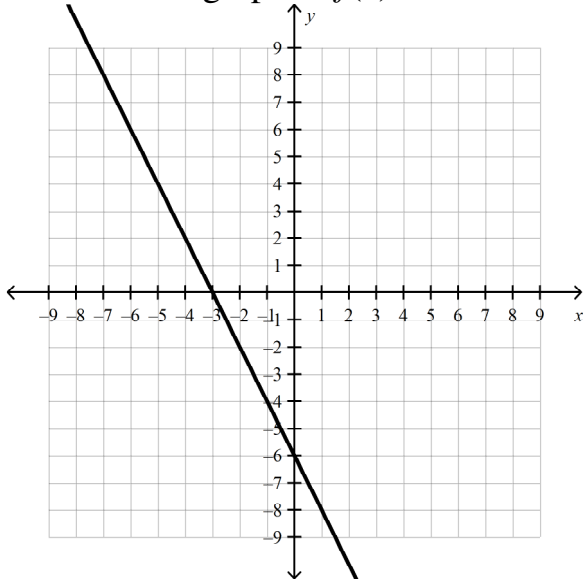


**Function Reflections****Multiple Choice**

Identify the choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

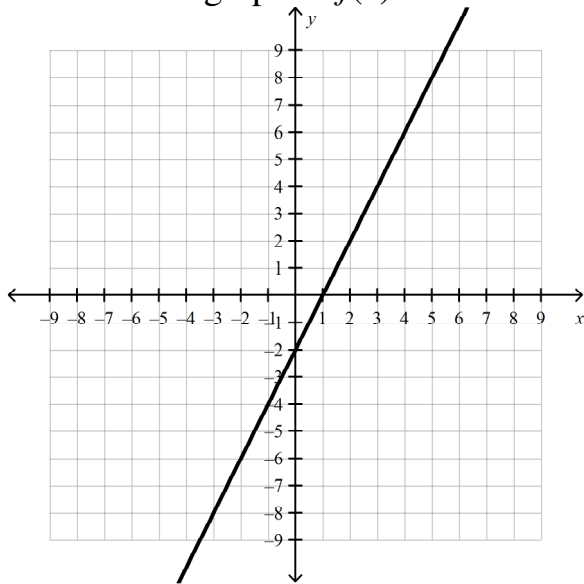
- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. Below is the graph of  $f(x)$ :



What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the y-axis?

- a.  $g(x) = 2x - 6$                       c.  $g(x) = -2x + 6$   
b.  $g(x) = 2x + 6$                       d.  $g(x) = -2x - 6$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the y-axis for the function  $f(x) = -3x + 3$ ?
- a.  $g(x) = -3x + 3$                       c.  $g(x) = 3x + 3$   
b.  $g(x) = -3x - 3$                       d.  $g(x) = 3x - 3$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the y-axis for the function  $f(x) = 2x + 1$ ?
- a.  $g(x) = -2x - 1$                       c.  $g(x) = -2x + 1$   
b.  $g(x) = 2x + 1$                       d.  $g(x) = 2x - 1$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the y-axis for the function  $f(x) = -3x + 4$ ?
- a.  $g(x) = -3x - 4$                       c.  $g(x) = 3x + 4$   
b.  $g(x) = -3x + 4$                       d.  $g(x) = 3x - 4$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Below is the graph of  $f(x)$ :



What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the  $y$ -axis?

- a.  $g(x) = 2x + 2$
- b.  $g(x) = 2x - 2$
- c.  $g(x) = -2x + 2$
- d.  $g(x) = -2x - 2$

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the  $y$ -axis for the function with locations at  $(6, 18)$  and  $(8, 22)$  on a graph?

- a.  $f(x) = 2x - 6$
- b.  $f(x) = -2x - 6$
- c.  $f(x) = -2x + 6$
- d.  $f(x) = 2x + 6$

\_\_\_\_\_ 7. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the  $x$ -axis for the function with locations at  $(3, -1)$  and  $(1, 3)$  on a graph?

- a.  $f(x) = 2x + 5$
- b.  $f(x) = 2x - 5$
- c.  $f(x) = -2x + 5$
- d.  $f(x) = -2x - 5$

\_\_\_\_\_ 8. What is the correct equation for the transformation of a reflection over the  $y$ -axis for the function with locations at  $(-4, 18)$  and  $(-2, 10)$  on a graph?

- a.  $f(x) = -4x - 2$
- b.  $f(x) = 4x + 2$
- c.  $f(x) = 4x - 2$
- d.  $f(x) = -4x + 2$

**Multiple Response**

Identify one or more choices that best complete the statement or answer the question.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. Which three of the following show  $g(x)$  as a reflection of  $f(x)$  over the  $x$ -axis?
- a.  $f(x) = -(x+9)^2 - 8$  and  $g(x) = -(-x+9)^2 - 8$
  - b.  $f(x) = -5x^2 - 7x + 5$  and  $g(x) = -5x^2 + 7x + 5$
  - c.  $f(x) = -(x+9)^2 - 8$  and  $g(x) = (x+9)^2 + 8$
  - d.  $f(x) = -5x^2 - 7x + 5$  and  $g(x) = 5x^2 + 7x - 5$
  - e.  $f(x) = (-x+6)(x+6)$  and  $g(x) = (x+6)(-x+6)$
  - f.  $f(x) = (-x+6)(x+6)$  and  $g(x) = (x-6)(x+6)$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. Which three of the following show  $g(x)$  as a reflection of  $f(x)$  over the  $y$ -axis?
- a.  $f(x) = (-x-3)(x-7)$  and  $g(x) = (x+3)(x-7)$
  - b.  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = 5x^2 - 2x + 1$
  - c.  $f(x) = -(x-2)^2 - 3$  and  $g(x) = -(-x-2)^2 - 3$
  - d.  $f(x) = -(x-2)^2 - 3$  and  $g(x) = (x-2)^2 + 3$
  - e.  $f(x) = 5x^2 + 2x + 1$  and  $g(x) = -5x^2 - 2x - 1$
  - f.  $f(x) = (-x-3)(x-7)$  and  $g(x) = (x-3)(-x-7)$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 11. Which three of the following show  $g(x)$  as a reflection of  $f(x)$  over the  $x$ -axis?
- a.  $f(x) = -3x^2 - 8x + 2$  and  $g(x) = 3x^2 + 8x - 2$
  - b.  $f(x) = (-x-8)(x-4)$  and  $g(x) = (x+8)(x-4)$
  - c.  $f(x) = -(x-5)^2 - 2$  and  $g(x) = -(-x-5)^2 - 2$
  - d.  $f(x) = (-x-8)(x-4)$  and  $g(x) = (x-8)(-x-4)$
  - e.  $f(x) = -3x^2 - 8x + 2$  and  $g(x) = -3x^2 + 8x + 2$
  - f.  $f(x) = -(x-5)^2 - 2$  and  $g(x) = (x-5)^2 + 2$
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. Which three of the following show  $g(x)$  as a reflection of  $f(x)$  over the  $y$ -axis?
- a.  $f(x) = 9x^2 + 8x + 4$  and  $g(x) = 9x^2 - 8x + 4$
  - b.  $f(x) = -(x-4)^2 + 5$  and  $g(x) = -(-x-4)^2 + 5$
  - c.  $f(x) = 9x^2 + 8x + 4$  and  $g(x) = -9x^2 - 8x - 4$
  - d.  $f(x) = (-x-4)(x+3)$  and  $g(x) = (x+4)(x+3)$
  - e.  $f(x) = (-x-4)(x+3)$  and  $g(x) = (x-4)(-x+3)$
  - f.  $f(x) = -(x-4)^2 + 5$  and  $g(x) = (x-4)^2 - 5$

## Function Reflections Answer Section

### MULTIPLE CHOICE

- |           |        |
|-----------|--------|
| 1. ANS: A | PTS: 1 |
| 2. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 3. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 4. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 5. ANS: D | PTS: 1 |
| 6. ANS: C | PTS: 1 |
| 7. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |
| 8. ANS: B | PTS: 1 |

### MULTIPLE RESPONSE

- |                  |        |
|------------------|--------|
| 9. ANS: C, D, F  | PTS: 1 |
| 10. ANS: B, C, F | PTS: 1 |
| 11. ANS: A, B, F | PTS: 1 |
| 12. ANS: A, B, E | PTS: 1 |

