

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following is equivalent to  $4x - 3y = -6$ ?

- a.  $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 2$       c.  $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 2$   
 b.  $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 2$       d.  $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 2$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following is equivalent to  $y = \frac{6}{5}x + \frac{8}{5}$ ?

- a.  $6x - 5y = -8$       c.  $-6x + 5y = -8$   
 b.  $6x + 5y = 8$       d.  $-6x - 5y = 8$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following is equivalent to  $8x - 9y = 10$ ?

- a.  $y = -\frac{8}{9}x + \frac{10}{9}$       c.  $y = \frac{8}{9}x - \frac{10}{9}$   
 b.  $y = \frac{8}{9}x + \frac{10}{9}$       d.  $y = -\frac{8}{9}x - \frac{10}{9}$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following is equivalent to  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$ ?

- a.  $-3x - 4y = -5$       c.  $3x + 4y = -5$   
 b.  $3x - 4y = 5$       d.  $-3x + 4y = 5$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following match the points in the set?  
 $\{(-6, 8), (12, -7), (18, -12)\}$

- a.  $y = \frac{5}{6}x + 3$                       c.  $y = \frac{5}{6}x - 3$   
 b.  $y = -\frac{5}{6}x + 3$                       d.  $y = -\frac{5}{6}x - 3$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following match the points in the set?  
 $\{(3, 6), (-6, -6), (9, 14)\}$

- a.  $4x - 3y = -6$                       c.  $-4x - 3y = 6$   
 b.  $-4x + 3y = -6$                       d.  $4x + 3y = 6$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following match the points in the set?  
 $\{(-3, 3), (-6, 7), (-9, 11)\}$

- a.  $y = -\frac{4}{3}x - 1$                       c.  $y = \frac{4}{3}x + 1$   
 b.  $y = -\frac{4}{3}x + 1$                       d.  $y = \frac{4}{3}x - 1$

Remember that in the slope-intercept form of  $y = mx + b$  ...  
 $m$  is slope  
 $b$  is y-intercept  
 $x$  and  $y$  are coordinates on the line

Which of the following match the points in the set?  
 $\{(-4, -4), (8, 11), (-12, -14)\}$

- a.  $5x + 4y = -4$                       c.  $-5x + 4y = 4$   
 b.  $-5x - 4y = -4$                       d.  $5x - 4y = 4$

Find the y-intercept of a line that goes through (6, 7) and has a slope of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Find the y-intercept of a line that goes through (−6, −8) and has a slope of 1.

Find the y-intercept of a line that goes through (−4, −9) and has a slope of  $\frac{1}{2}$ .

Find the y-intercept of a line that goes through (6, −16) and has a slope of −2.