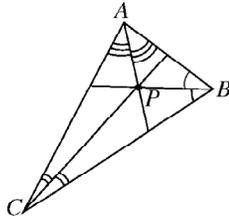


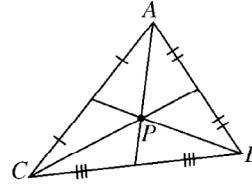
### Triangle Perpendicular Bisectors

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. Which diagram shows a point  $P$  an equal distance from points  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ ?

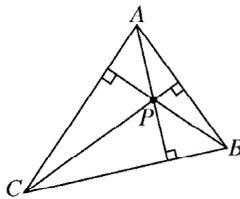
A.



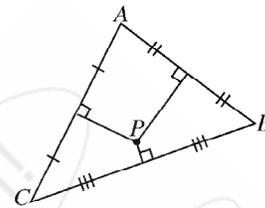
C.



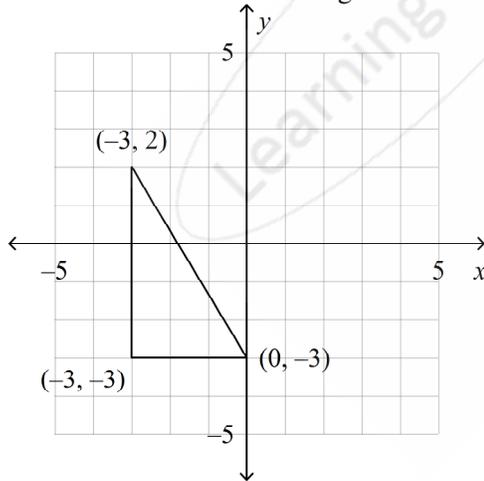
B.



D.



\_\_\_\_\_ 2. Find the circumcenter of the triangle.



A.  $(-3, -\frac{1}{2})$

B.  $(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2})$

C.  $(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{1}{2})$

D.  $(-\frac{3}{2}, -3)$

\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Find the circumcenter of  $\triangle EFG$  with  $E(6, 4)$ ,  $F(6, 2)$ , and  $G(10, 2)$ .

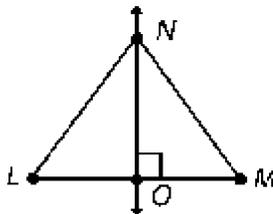
A.  $(3, 8)$

B.  $(4, 2)$

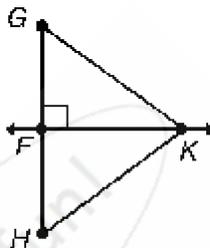
C.  $(8, 3)$

D.  $(6, 4)$

4.  $\overleftrightarrow{NO}$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{LM}$ . If  $OM = 7$  and  $LN = 12$ , then  $LO = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$  and  $MN = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .  
Explain your solutions.



5. If  $\overleftrightarrow{KF}$  is the perpendicular bisector of  $\overline{HG}$ , then  $\angle FGK \cong \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ .

A.  $\angle KHF$ B.  $\overline{KF}$ C.  $\angle FKG$ D.  $\angle KFH$

## Triangle Perpendicular Bisectors

### Answer Section

1. D
2. C
3. C
4.  $LO = 7$ ,  $MN = 12$ ;  $LO = OM$  by definition of bisector and  $MN = LN$  by the Perpendicular Bisector Theorem.
5. A

